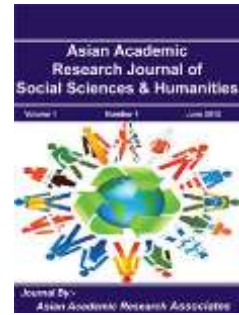




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**STUDY ON EDUCATION OF CHILD LABOURERS**

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**ABSTRACT**

Child labour is one of the genuine problems of the century. India has one of the highest child labourers in the world. As per the recent census there are about 77% of child labourers in the field of Agriculture and related fields. The problem of child labour is increasing every year despite of the efforts of the central and state governments. As per the recent survey there are about 2.5 crores child labourers in India working in different sectors. In Karnataka state alone there are about 12 lakhs child labourers indulged in different fields. The Article 24 of Indian Constitution clearly warns about not employing children below 14 years in any of the hazardous jobs. The state government has clear cut rules brought out in 1986 enforcing a ban on child labour and along with that children with age of 14 should get free and compulsory education. The motto of the State Government is to protect the interest of the children. Still then many of the child labourers are found involved in such works which are found to be hazardous for their life. Usually child labourers are found more as house hold labourers, in hotels, garages, puff rice industries etc.,

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